

A GREAT BONANZA IN OIL. THE NEW WELL, WRITER GUSHES A THOUSAND RUBERELS A DAY.

A Poor Speculator's Lucky Strike-The Rush of People to the District A Town Already Up and a Railroad Building Very Fast. WARREN, Pa., May 26 .- Although the oil market has somewhat steadied itself from the effects of the staggering blow it received from Mission Society since its founding. The the news that the wildcat venture on lot 646, Cherry Grove Township, was gushing crude oil at the rate of a thousand barrels per day. the excitement at the scene of the bonanza is at fever heat. Many of the heaviest producers or their agents were on the ground early and | sevenfold. The society has issued 9,102 com-having quietly satisfied themselves have de | missions to nearly 2 700 persons, who have laparted, or are making arrangements to try for a strike themselves. The district is overrun with an army of small producers, operators.

bored 304,015 weeks or nearly 6,009 years, preached almost 800,000 sermons, made 1,817, with an army of small producers, operators.

missions to nearly 2.00 persons, who have labored as with the themselves. In dispersion that the content of the street of the st

and the tools run on Wednesday, when the well began to flow, increasing until it reached its present rate, which has been maintained with little deviation since.

Morel and Falconer have cleared \$33,250 and their royalities. The flows how average six minutes each through two two-inch pipes, with intervals of fourteen to eighteen minutes between flows and trustworthy estimates agree that to-day the well does even a shade better than 1,000 barrels. The immediate territory is fully occupied, and rigs are going up with the utmost speed, while the adjacent territory is selling at prices it would be folly to attempt to quote in this despatch. The township lots contain sixteen acres, and the average price is perhaps fairly given at \$250 per, acre and an eighth royalty.

Surrounding the great gusher work is active.

J. A. Cadwallader & Co. have two wells drilling, one north and one west, each about 560 feet from the spouter, and have two rigs completed. The owners of 646 have four rigs done—two east, one south, and another northwest—distance apart, 450 feet. The rig south is ready to drill. Cadwallader's wells are about 1,200 feet down to-night, and should be ready to pan out by Tuesday. Visitors to the from, as 646 is called, go over a plank road down nearly to the well, half a mile distant, and 563 feet above the level of North Carendon. Here a hemlock city, boasting already of a grocery, palace hotel, oil well, supply depot, and other shantles, is located. Western Union wires are soon to be stretched from Warren to the city, which will also be the temporary teminus of the Warren and Farnsworth Valley Narrow-gauge Rallroad, now building from North Carendon, and which will eventually connect with the narrow-gauge roads to be built in Forest County. The distance to Gar-North Ciarendon, and which will eventuary connect with the narrow-gauge roads to be built in Forest County. The distance to Garfield as surveyed is 9% miles, and rails will be down to that point not later than July 20. Among the stockholders of this enterprise are Lieut. Gov. C. W. Stone, the Hon. L. D. Wetmore, the Hon. T. Struthers, F. H. Rock, well, Esq., and prominent bank officials of Wardimore, the Hon. I. Strank officials of Wardi. Esq. and prominent bank officials of Warhi J. A. Cadwallader, J. J. Vandergrift of the
nited Pipe Lines, and others. The road will
ove a bonanza repardless of the success or
diure of the olidorado. The United Pipe
fine Company is laying a two-men pipe to the
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CHICAGO'S LATEST ENTERPRISE.

An Elaborate Stock Exchange, but Precious Few Stocks-Business Duil.

who occasionally make a deal in stocks, but they were not enlisted in the support of the new Exchange the promoters of the enterprise being somparatively young men. The conviction is now dawning on the minds of the managers of the concern that it would not have been lead policy to have given some of the heavy weights a chance. They would have had money enough to bring something to the shape of stocks to the city at any rate, and the people might when they got interested in the game, have found something to buy. As it is now, Chicago has a very elaborate arrangement for the purchase and sale of stocks, but precious lew stocks. There has been some talk of forming a syndicate to go into Wail street and buy up a large and choice absorbment of securities; but, as far as heard from, nothing has come of it. It is prescable that as soon as a speculative movement developt the operations of the Chicago Eachance will become more extensive. Members express themselves as satisfied with the progress made and predet that as soon as activity is revived in Wall street there will be a corresponding improvement here. In the mean time the brokers and dealers will have an excellent opportunity to learn the business, post themselves, and educate the public to the beauties of stock speculation.

Everybody is now waiting for the crops. All calculations are based on the agricultural outlook. If the harvest is a rich on at its expected that there will be another era of heavy trading in the speculation will be upon the country. The backward spring, which does not even now exhibit signs of warmth, is making in the speculation will be upon the country. The backward spring, which does not even now exhibit signs of warmth, is making the prospect for farmers less cheering overy day. While fruits and vogetables have been seriously damaged, and in many places railed grain has not yet suffered materially. The present cold and rainy weather will soon settle the question as to the crops however if there is not a change. Spring wheat will be very b

Peculiarities of Scientific Barkeeping How a barkeeper of East Houston st. bough out his boss and then sold out to his barkeeper; anecdotes of Tom Hale, Ike Webber, and "Wall" Crosby; by Harry Hill in to-morrow's Mercury. THE BAPTIST JUBILEE.

Fifty Years' Work of the Home Mission Soelety-A Chinese Durt.

The First Paptist Church, in Park avenue, was rowded yesterday, the jubilee day of the American Baptist Home Mission Society, the fiftieth anniversary of its founding in this city in the old Mulberry Street Baptist Church. The Rev. Dr. Mess of Indiana delivered an address on the results achieved by the Home population of this city then was 220,000, of the United States 14,000,000, and the number of Baptists 316,659. The population of the country has increased nearly fourfold, that of New York city sixfold, and of the Baptists over

cinems of the United States, and that the Indian Territory be constituted a state.

In the afternoon addresses were made by the Rev. Dr. G. W. Bosworth, Massachusetts, on The North Atlantic States," the Rev. G. A. Nunnally on "The Southern States," the Rev. Dr. J. Bulkley of Illinois on "The Western States," the Rev. Dr. J. H. Castle on "Canada." the Rev. J. C. Baker on "The Pacific Slope."

On the topic of the prospect for the next fifty years the speakers were the Rev. Dr. W. D. Maylield of Arkansas, Judge James Buchanan of Trenton, N. J.; President Broadus of the Raptist College in Louisville, Ky.; the Rev. Dr. Tupper of Georgia, the Rev. Dr. Chapman of Texas, the Rev. Mr. Maples of Missouri, the Rev. Mr. Boney of South Carolina, the Rev. Dr. C. C. Bitting of Baltimore, Md.

In the evening a meeting was held in the Academy of Music, Mrs. Florence Rice-Knox sang, and an address was made by President M. B. Anderson of Rochester University on the lessons of the past fifty years.

-THRONGS AT THE FUNERAL.

Young Dr. Upham Burled Without a Beath Certificate-The Mystery of the Case. The funeral of Dr. William R. Upham of

Yonkers was held yesterday. The Upham residence was crowded to the doors nearly two hours before the service began, the broad eaves were occupied by visitors, the street for two blocks up and down Warburton avenue was crowded, and people lined the fences across the street, and invaded the piazzas of private residences. The Rev. John Reid, pastor of the

An Elaborate Stock Exchange, but Precious Few Stocks—Business Dulh.

CHICAGO, May 26.—The Chicago Stock Exchange was started at the wrong time. Speculation is out of the question in the present condition of affairs. Dulness reigns in Wall street, and on the Chicago Board of Trade there is not enough activity to make the place look natural. The Stock Exchange is doing a small business in local securities, but it has as yet cut no figure here. Memberships have fallen off in value, and the "boam" appears to be over. There are plenty of wealthy men here who occasionally make a deal in stocks, but they were not enlisted in the support of the new Exchange, the promoters

President of the club, were David A. Wells, Jas. S. Ropes, Horace White, Prof. W. G. Summer, Thos. G. Shearman, Delano C. Calvin, J. S. Moore, and E. Ellery Anderson.

Mr. Wheeler, in his opening speech, said that what is called the protective tariff is not a protection to workingmen, but a scheme to enable a few men to make fortunes by means of oppressive laws. He said that instead of bounty for the few, there should be justice for all. He amounted as the first toast: "The President of the United States; may the time soon come when it shall no longer be his duty to enforce an unjust and oppressive system of invation." David A. Wells responded, saying that as soon as the attention of the people can be called to the subject of free trade the cause will be won. He said that the republic is now entering upon an era of social disturbance such as it has never seen.

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Responding to the toast, "The Congress of the United States; we await with hope the session when the friends of freedom shall be in the majority." Frank II. Hurd of Ohio held that free trade and high wages go together.

The workingmen of America; the best protection we can give them is to unite their hands and take the load from their backs," was responded to by Prof. Summer of Yale College. He said that it was a fair inference that nobely would protect anybody without charging something for it. He regarded the workingmen of this country as in the position of the country man at a fair, who ought generally to look out for those pretended friends who proposed to show him about and protect him from the charpers.

A Negro Presbyterian Minister's Rights. ATLANTA, May 26.—The Presbyterian General Assembly decided by a vote of 81 to 42 that the negro-Parks of Memphis was entitled to the full benefits of collarion on the same basis with the white members of southern Presbyteries.

That Tall of a Goat! ow York splitting their sides with laughter.

DETERMINED MECHANICS.

HOW THE BOILER MAKERS HOPE TO

Eight Hundred Men who Had Resumed Work Going Back to the Strikers-The New Jersey Boller Makers-Movements Elsewhere. The strike of the boiler makers assumed a new phase yesterday. All the men who had returned to work in the sixteen shops in which the increase of 10 per cent. in wages had been made were withdrawn by order of the union. This movement takes about 800 men from the shops. The order went into effect at 7 in the morning. The measure was decided upon in an executive meeting late on Wednesday night because, as it is alleged, the conceding firms had broken a pledge made to the union that they would not secretly assist any of the shops that were holding out against the strikers.

11.75 per day.

It is expected that a large number of Chinese eigarmakers and those familiar with other branches of trade and domestic service will soon arrive in the city. An agency, backed by the Chinese Six Companies, has already been established here to secure employment for them.

MARYLAND MINERS' STRIKE.

The Plans of the Coal Companies to Protect the Foreign Labor.

FROSTBURG, Md., May 26.-The plans of the coal companies for the introduction of foreign labor into this region on Tuesday next day object the street, and invaled the plazas of private the street, and the street of the have been carefully matured, and indicate a determination to afford the new men every

The annual dinner of the New York Free
Frade Club was given at Deimonico's last
night. A hundred and fifty guests sat down to
ten courses. Among those who occupied the
head of the table with Everett P. Wheeler, the
President of the club, were David A. Wells, Jas.
S. Ropes, Horace White, Prof. W. G. Sumner,
Thos. G. Shearman, Delano C. Calvin, J. S.
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Bestonding 120 men formerly employed by
the Cleveland Relling Mill Company who
formed in procession in the Engliseanth Ward
and, with music and fftee points of pretrade Club was clearly greated the points down
the head of the table with Everett P. Wheeler, the
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head of the table with Everett The speakers encouraged the rolling-mill

The speakers encouraged the rolling-mill men to remain out to protect the interests of their fellow workingmen, assured them of assistance, both moral and material, and effect the case of the Milwaukee cigarmakers, who have been on strike since last November, and are supported by the union, and will be for five years longer if necessary.

Conors, N. Y., May 26.—A mass meeting of 4.000 operatives of the Harmony Mills was addressed to-night by P. H. Sullivan. He confined himself strictly to the question of the rights of labor against capital. He advised no surrender, and assured the strikers of ultimate success. From correspondence remitto the meeting, imancial aid was promised from the Amalgamated Labor Union. The "stayout" has now continued live weeks, and the unanimous sentiment was in favor of continuing the strike until the posted order of reduction was rescinded. The relief committee stated that sufficient funds were on hand to meet every application for aid. It was resolved that if the mills are opened on Menday, not to resume work unless the demands of the openities are acceeded to. The mill managers are equally as determined, and there are no signs of an immediate settlement. The loss in wages to the present time will exceed \$100,000.

STREET RAILWAY TAXES.

A Protest of the Comptroller and Mayor Against a Proposed Remission

Comptroller Campbell has sent to the Assembly a protest, in which Mayor Grace concurs, against the passage of the bill which provides that the street railway companies may pay to the city two per cent. of their gross receipts annually, instead of their present license fees and taxes upon their capital stock and structures. The Comptroller says that all corporations should be taxed alike on their real estate and capital stock, and that the horse railroad companies should pay additional compensation to the city for the privilege of occupying its streets. If the Legislature should see fit to adopt the principle of a gross receipts tax in lieu of taxes for those railroads, they should make that percentage sufficient to pay what they justly owe the city for taxes and franchise rights. In his opinion, four per cent, is the lowest rate which would yield a fair equivalent for the remission of their taxes and compensation for franchises.

He says that reports to the State Engineer show that the total gross receipts of the sixteen surface railroad companies (the Fourth avenue and Harlem roads excepted) in 1880 were \$8,278,910,97, of which \$7,212,799,92 was from passenger traffic. Two per cent, on this sum would have realized in 1880 \$144,255,98. The capital stock of these roads is \$16,120,320, and their bonds argregate \$10,951,261, making a total of \$27,071,581 of liabilities on which dividends and interest are payable. Interest is paid on these bonds generally at the rate of seven per cent, and the dividends on the stock are at a higher rate.

In 1880 the structures of the surface roads, including the Fourth avenue road, were assessed at a valuation of \$3,533,750, and the capital stock, reserved as personal stock, at a valuation of \$1,031,859, making a total of \$4,565,669 on which the tax was levied in lieu of capital stock, after deducting \$3,916,950 valuation for their real estate held in fee simple, the amount of tax levied on their capital stock and structures, together with percentages imposed on several of the roads by special statutes and the amount of car license fees, would yield \$192,962,89.

The Comptroller also protests against the bill because it remits all claims against those roads for taxes and does prior to 1880. Suits are pending, he says, for several hundred thousand deliars claimed to be due the city from these companies. corporations should be taxed alike on their real estate and capital stock, and that the

effect a saving in time as follows: New York to Chicago, 8 hours; New York to Omaha, 21 hours; New York to Cheyenne, 29 hours; New York to Denver, 32 hours;

hours: New York to Denver, 22 hours: New York to San Francisco, 29 hours. The train from New York to Chicago must be exclusively a mail train, and must average 38 miles to keep up to the proposed schedule. The train from Chicago to Omaha must make 36 miles an hour. The average speed is now 23 miles. Mr. Howe did not think the extra compensation would be sufficient to pay the entire cost of running the mail train west of Chicago, and that passenger cars would therefore have to be attached.

The conference to-day developed a possible obstacle to the adoption of a fast mail service west of Chicago, which had not been anticipated by the Government. To carry out the plan it will be necessary to select one of the three direct routes from Chicago to Omaha. These lines are operated under a pooling compact. The route that is selected will be benefited by the advertisement, and the fast train will attract an unusual number of passengers. It was suggested that the roads might also pool the earnings of the train, but the objection was made that the line which operated it at extra expense and trouble should claim the profits. So it is a question whether the arrangement can be carried into effect west of Chicago without upturning the railroad pool.

Washington, May 26.-The defendants in the car route cases were to have been arraigned in the

F Washington, May 26.- The census office has 7 Washington, May 26.—The census office has issued a buildin sowing that to the census of results number of persons in the third states was 26,155.785. The great in square inites 2,380.170, the number of families 13,155,165, the number of dwellings 8,355,812, the number of persons is the square inite, 17.29, the number of ramines to a square inite, 343, the number of dwelling to a square inite, 342, areas to a person, 370, acres to family, 180,02, persons to a dwelling, 0.03, and persons to a family, 5.94. The area in land is surface only and excusive of the Indian territors and tracts of interpretable territors.

"Pm the Man who Killed Lord Cavendish." PHILADELPHIA, May 26.—When the steamship PHHADELPHIA, May 20.—When the Steamship British King arrived in port on Monday the statement was made that an English Steerner passenger, evidently demented, had immed overboard on the fourth day of the voyage and was lost. Farrick for of foundy stigotherand, how was also one of the steerney passengers on the steamship, reported to Errish tonsin Chipperton this afterion that he heard the man say, as he learned into the sea. I'm the man who kined Lord avendish foy is positive in his statement as to the surieds a words.

Readjuster Victory in Petersburg. Petersburg, Va., May 26.-Full returns of the

Thor, May 26.-An infernal machine, con-

raining pawder and a fuse, was found on the purch of the office of the Wessig Asier, at Warrensburgh, Warren-burns. An attempt and been made to fire the fase. An integraption on the machine warmed the editor to leave the town. He had offended some persons by the utterance of temperature privarioles. Hisgant dinstrated acrap books given away at largest shor establishment in the city, 221 Grand at. Burt's make a specialty.—Ade.

WORK OF THE LEGISLATURE. ALBANY STATESMEN MAKING RECORDS

THAT WILL BE REMEMBERED. Tammany Anti-Monopolists Voting in the Interest of Corporations, and to Take from the City More than \$200,000 Yearly. ALBANY, May 26. The near approach of he end of the session has no effect on the legislative conscience, and both houses adjourned o-day until Monday after holding short morning sessions. The reckless majority that has apparently seized control of the Assembly in the closing days yesterday voted down a resolution to hold a Saturday session. To-day some of them wanted to drop the early sessions on Monday, but finally desisted from their purpose. Beginning on Monday, the Assembly will hold three sessions a day and the Senate two. The Senate has not yet agreed to the House adjournment resolution, but will probably dispose of it on Monday. The vote will be close, but it is believed that a majority will vote in favor of adjourning on Friday next.

Mr. Roosevelt tried ineffectually to get a reconsideration of the vote on the Elevated Railroad Tax bill, which was put through under the gag rule yes brday. He succeeded in getthe gag rule yes briday. He succeeded in gets is paid on these bonds generally at the rate of seven per cent, and the dividends on the stock are at a higher rate.

In 1880 the structures of the surface roads, including the Fourth avenue road, were assessed at a valuation of \$1.353,759, and the capital stock, reserved as personal stock, at a valuation of \$1.353,759, and the capital stock, reserved as personal stock, at a valuation of \$1.353,759, and the capital stock, reserved as personal stock, at a valuation of \$1.353,759, and the capital stock, reserved as personal stock, at a valuation of \$1.353,759, and the capital stock, reserved as personal stock, at a valuation of \$1.353,759, and the capital stock, reserved as personal stock, at a valuation of \$1.353,759, and the capital stock, are deducting in the many continuent of the capital stock, and stock and structures, together with percentages in the sum of the capital stock and structures, together with percentages in statutes and the amount of car license fees, would yield \$192.052.99.

The Comptroller also protests against the bill because it remits all claims against the tween New York and San Francisco.

EAST INTEROCEANIC MAILS.

A Schedule that Will Save 20 Hours Hetween New York to Chicago should be reduced to twenty-five hours. The purpose is, to Omaha.

Potential of the capital stock and the stock and structures to be the city from these companies.

FAST INTEROCEANIC MAILS.

A Schedule that Will Save 20 Hours Hetween New York to Chicago should be reduced to twenty-five hours, and from Chicago to Omaha to fourteen hours. The purpose is, if possible, to arrange a schedule which will effect a saving in time as follows: New York to Omaha.

21 hours: New York to Denver, 22 hours:

Who was made to seed the capital stock and the capital ting the men wi^{Dt} had voted in the interests of

The revisien of third time and third time and third time and the second of the lanks well of not over 6,00°.

Mr. Grady regard to ket try and the bill was ordered to ket try and the bill was ordered to the laws relating.

Mr. Macklinch hatted the military code from the Committeelle Whilitia, and it was ordered to a third reading.

The following bills were passed in the Assembly: Reappropriating \$100,000 for the erection of an armory in Kings County; amending the act to create a police pension fund for disabled policemen of New York; amending section 704 of the penal code, so as to make the section take effect immediately, instead of May 1, 1883. The section permits the sentencing of long-term prisoners to penitentiaries.

The Governor transmitted a communication to the Senate to-day showing that an artist had offered to paint a portrait of Lincoln of normal size, which he would exchange for the large one now in possession of the State, but which is too large to be placed in the Governor's Chamber. On motion of Senator Jacobs, the exchange was authorized.

The Rev. Dr. John Hall stood half way up the roular stairway of the late Moses Taylor's house i beyond middle age, and the shaft of light that fell fro above on the grey heads also brought into view th

Mystery Attending Dr. Payne's Death. On the morning of May 10 Dr. J. Scott Payne returned. Yesterday the body of a man answering his

The Grand Jury began an investigation yes erday as to the existence of disreputable and unlicensed

drinking places, known as "dives," in several of the police precincts of this city. Police Captains Alexande S. Williams of the Thirtieth street police. Recam of the Marker attest police, and Adairs of the Eldridge street police, were examined. One of the grand proces, it understood had secured a list of these reserts, and the police Captains, were asked why they being uniformes were permitted to exist. The answer was, it is san that it is attituded to detect the separate of these places any violation of the Excise law. Then Police Imperior Murral, Rymes Theore, and Dilas were called upon the same sal-ject. Afterward Anthony Hartman, elerk of the Excise hourd testified. The Grand Jarr will, it is believed, take action upon the subject on Nonday. drinking places, known as "dives," in several of the

Washington, May 26.-The members of the Washington, May 26.—The members of the Tariff Commission, so far as they were agreed upon a the Calinet meeting to day, are John L. Haves of Masse chiesetts, Henry W. Oliver, of Pennsylvania, A. M. Galand of Illinois Robert P. Porterof the District of Company and James Chestonic J. Oliver, and James Chestonic J. of Scant Varolina The list will probably be completed by the salestime of Win A. Wheeler of New York, who, if noncarried, with Charmonn of the Commission and J. A. Almier of Oliver The Barton and the Commission and J. A. Almier of Oliver of Commission and J. A. Almier of Commission and J. A. Almier of Oliver of Commission and J. A. Almier of Oliver of Commission and J. A. Almier of Commission and J

Franklin Horton's Stelen Diamonds.

The jury in the suit of Franklin Horton

William Neilson died on Thursday at his William Neilson died on Thursday at his residence at New Brighton, Staten Island, of pneumonia lie was at one time a member of the firm of objephant & Go of China and lived for many years in that country laster he was Secretary of the Importer's and Grace heard of Trade in this city. At the time of his death is was Fresheard of trade in this city. At the time of his death of was fresheart of the Mannattain segarate unipany of New York. He was of an old New York family and was whilely known. His wife was a Miss Fiedler, size and her two children survive him. He was stycate old.

Affre in Sterling. Kan vesterlay morning destroyed seven business findses including the Farmers Bank. Less \$2.500 (normal sevens). The Griffith Portable to Manufacture to Toledo and its contents, meaning some prescription of and main isled cuts, eare burned testgrids. Less \$40,000 insurance, \$12,000. The company employed loss hands. The Grant Commany's smelling, warks, in Leadville, to were burned on fluoreday. The has is a timinod to be between \$500,000 and \$500,000 (the second \$ Sesson's Lillie's unity and at Spring Lake, Mich, was usuad on Thursday, and the hunder and mill were nearly consumed. There were 7000 rays feet of lumber in the arth, valued at \$100,088, owned by keity, Rathbun & Q. of the age, and henced for \$72,588. Varil, valued at Sixtuss, owned by Kelly, Ratham & Lie of Chicago, and heured for \$72,500.

The entire business part of Tombstone Arizona, was buried yesterday, including three of the principal her tells the office of the Daily Nagget, the Daily Replays office and the Western Umon Telegraph office. The location and probably reach \$600,000 and the insurance \$250,000.

THE BOSTON COLLECTORSHIP.

A Letter from Collector Beard that Spurred Col. Worthington to Seek the Prize Boston, May 26,-When Gen, Arthur be came President there were rumors of changes in the Custom House here. Col. Roland Worthington's name was then mentioned for the Sur veyor-hip of the port. Amos Learned, for thirty years past the New York agent for the New England Associated Press, a lifelong friend of Worthington and for years an intimate friend of President Arthur, thinking to do Col. Worthington a favor, wrote a highly culogistic letter recommending him for a position in the Boston Custom House. Mr. Learned intended that this letter should go directly into the hands of

custom House. Air. Learned intended that this letter should go directly into the hands of President Arthur, but fate and the private secretary of the President ruled otherwise, and it was sent to the Treasury Department, whence it was referred to A. W. Beard, then Collector of the Port of Boston. Beard wrote to Col. Worthington a very surcastic note, somewhat as follows:

"I have this day received a communication, written by one. Amos Learned of New York to the President of the United States, recommending you for a position at the Custom House. When I learn for what position you apply I will use my inclinence with the President of the United States, recommending you for a position at the Custom House. When I learn for what position you apply I will use my inclinence with the President and be happy to assist you in securing it.

Col. Worthington replied that when he heard from his friends what position they desired for him at the Custom House he would inform Mr. Beard and be ever grateful for his kind offices. Col. Worthington, before receiving Mr. Beard's note, would have been satisfied with the Surveyorship, it is said, but the style and tone of Mr. Beard's note was so exasperating that he resolved to work for the Collectorship of the Port, to which position he was recently appointed, vice Beard removed.

Mr. Loubat Expelled from the Union Club. The Governing Committee of the Union Club met on Thursday evening and received the report of the sub-committee which had been appointed to consider the behavior of Mr. Joseph F. Loubat and Mr. Henry Turu-bull. The report was very much against Mr. Loubat, and also censured Mr. Turninil. The main cause of com-plaint against Mr. Loubat was not his original offensive plaint against Mr. Loubat was not his original offensive remark, but the abusive letter which he sent Mr. Turnbull, and his subsequent action, regarded as having been intended to provoke a duel. Mr. Turnbull was occasived for publishing the circular. Actins on this report the committee expelled Mr. Loubat and censured Mr. I tribuil. This action is a surprise, are many members of the club have said that the clut feeling was on Mr. Loubat's side. He has the right of appeal to the club, but it such cace the toverning Committee is always sustained. It is only a year or two since Mr. Loubat past \$1.099 for his life membership. There was very little said about the matter, one way or the other, in the club yesterday. The expulsion of Mr. Loubat half given it a serious as pect, and few cared to discuss it. Mr. Loubat intends shortly to leave for Europe.

Shooting a Girl with Bird Shot.

Lizzie Coffey, a 13-year-old girl, residing with terday afternoon to gather wood. While thus engaged she saw two men about 100 yards from her, one of whom she saw two men about 100 yards from her, one of whom had a gun pointed toward her. She put up her right hand as a warning to the man not to shoot, but a moment later the weapon was discharged, and its contents about 200 bird chot, entered her body. She screamed and fell upon the ground.

The two men their new their guns over their shout-the house by her mother, who heard her severals. She was removed to 81, M.ry's Hospital, in Hoboken. There the physicians said she could not live. Her right hand was so terribly hererated that it was found necessary to amputate the thumb and two of the fingers.

A search was made for the two men but they could not be found. The girl was unable to give a description of them. It is believed that they were gunning, and that they mistook the girl for game of some kind.

Dr. Draper on Mr. Stokes's Drinking Habits. Dr. William H. Draper testified in the Surrogate's Court yesterday, in behalf of the contestant of th will of the late Mr. James Stokes, that he had treated Mr. Stokes when ill, and he had observed in him a pro-pensity to drink. Mr. Stokes exhibited the usual effects pensity to drink. Mr. Stokes exhibited the usual effects of alcohole stimulants. In January 1984, he spoke soveral times on the subject of their father's drinking to the sons, Asson, Asines, and William.

On one occasion during Mrs. Stokes's lliness Dr. Draber found her muchs worse than on the day before. Mr. Stokes said it was because she had been troubled about her will by James and William.

Mr. Bangs asked Dr. Draper what opinion be had formed from his observation of Mr. Stokes as to his competency to transact business for the few months before he went to Orange. The Doctor replied that Mr. Stokes was not competent to do business.

Workmen are remodelling A. T. Stewart's

own-town store building. There will be stores on the round floor and offices in the upper stories. The alter-tions will take several months, and will involve the putting in of new elevators, the erection of miles of part tions, and a complete transformation of the interior

President Arthur in Town.

President Arthur arrived in this city at 10:50 hald Fry, and Commissioner Jacob Hess. The Presiden naid Fry, and Commissioner Jacob Ress. The President was met at Jersey City by his private carriage, and, crossing the Deshrowers Street Ferry, he drove at once with the other members of his party to his residence at Lexington avenue, whore he retired. He will witness the paralle in this city on Decoration Day, and will be present at the exercises in the Academy of Music in the evening. He will visit West Point on June 1, and will return to Washington on Thursday. He has recome at the Fifth Avende Hutel, where he will receive visiting during his stay in New York. Secretaries Introduced and

Hangman Van Heise and Gulteau.

It is stated that the Washington officials sometime agosent arequest to James Van Helse, a New Jersey hangman living in Sewark, to superintend the job, but would ask a larger sum, than offered, Sala), the ine would like to use a gallow's similar to that in the pil at Newark, which has been improved by him, and tha he would need the services of an assistant. You friese, trade is carpentering, but he has larged thirteen crimi-nals in New Jersey.

English Machinery in America. During the first four months of this year there

Elbridge T. Gerry of the Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Children last a consultation with

Eighteen Binck Snakes. The employees in Dewsnap's glove factory at technics town. N. killed in one affection fermior gather black andre, some of their five fact in length in squares were slot, as they were smaning themselves in the bank of the mill dain.

The steamship City of Richmond arrives ber passengers was Edward Hanlon, the oal small

SPARKS FROM THE TELEGRAPH. The expulsion of Sr Callan from the British Reform into was for social is as one;

The steamship Strassborz, which arrived at Baltimore esterday, brought 1,554 emigranis. exteriory, brought Lass emigranias.

W Varior Charbings has been received at the French coalemy to till the seat heal by the inte M Diffaure, about Ernest Willerforce, since of the label Richard of search, line been appointed first Bishop of Newcastle.

James R. Keene has accorded thins from a Reston related for a residence vision will be built in New port.

eachty pointeds.
So of Charles Howen at present Judge of the Court of
Queen's Bench, will succeed the late Sir John Hocker as
Lord Justice of the thick Court of Append.

(b) Win II Tucker of the draw of W. H. A. R. S. Tucker,
dry goods by there of Rickell, N. C. their subdective of announced as a contract of the subdective of the subd ideay on Therseday night, agod about het sears.

Mr. Gronze W. Banker of Johnson ville, a member of
the Assembly in 1806 from the Second Historia, Remantion County, dropped dead of apoplexy vester far.

Samuel Webster was string, and instantive falled, in
that Bridge port, has evening the three-best fits express
train for Sea York. He was thought to pure of age, and
beaves a widow and six children.

Alphonas, here were a book and show manufactures of
Montreal, has absentiated by a long hard these amounting
to give set. It is a not charged with foreign notes and
defraulting bridge to a semi-backet.

The annual serior countries the Portland Me. Varia-

NEWS FROM THE OLD WORLD.

SEVENTY IRISH SUSPECTS RELEASED IN THE PAST FORTNIGHT.

Lord Clonenery's Evicted Tenants Without Shelter-Egypt's Ministry Resign After Refusing the Anglo-French Demands,

LONDON, May 26 .- In the House of Commons to-day Sir William Harcourt, Home Secretary, replying to Mr. Gorst (Conservative), member for Chatham, said that the Government had no intention of taking any steps respecting the recent speech of Mr. Michael

Davitt at Manchester.
Mr. Trevelyan, Chief Secretary for Ireland. said that the cases of the imprisoned suspects were continually under consideration. Nearly seventy have been released in a fortnight. On a motion for the adjournment of the

House a warm discussion ensued concerning the evicted tenants of Lord Cloneurry. Mr. Dillon said he was willing to give a pledge

that no violence would result if huts were allowed to be erected, so as to save the evicted persons from going to the workhouse.

Mr. Trevelyan said the evicted numbered 215 families. Hats could be erected for their shelter, but intimidation would be repressed.

The House then adjourned.

A memorial, signed by forty-seven Liberal members of Parliament, has been presented to Mr. Gladstone, urging a reduction of the period in which the Repression bill shall be in force, and modification of the clauses in regard to intimidation, public meetings, and the press. It was Mr. George Russell, Liberal member for Aylesbury, who, in the House of Commons last night, approved the Repression bill, not Mr. Charles Russell, member for Dundalk.

Mr. Davitt having consulted Messrs, Parnell and Dillon, will start for Connemara to-day to rejeve the evicted tenants.

Ountris, May 26.—The Gazelle announces a reward of £2,000 to any person giving information, which will lead to the conviction of the murderers of Mrs. Smr. the within six months; another reward of £500 for private information leading to the same result, and £500 to any one giving information leading to the same result, and £500 to any one giving information leading to the conviction of any person harboring the murderers; also free pardon to any one, not the actual murderers, giving information.

THE CRISIS IN EGYPT.

The Angle-French Ultimatum Almost Certain to be Rejected by the Ministry. LONDON, May 26 .- In the House of Commons this afternoon, on Sir Wilfrid Lawson, Radical, protesting against a Liberal Government upholding the integrity of the Ottoman empire, and asking a pledge that force shall not be employed in Egypt, Mr. Gladstone stated that it was impossible to give such a pledge, but that there is nothing at present that makes but that there is nothing at present that makes
it likely that force will be necessary. He said
it was inconsistent with public interest and the
views of other powers not to maintain the
sovereignty of the Sultan. The Government
have always objected to separate action, which
would be doubly objectionable in this instance
out account of our intimate relations with
France. He deprecated further discussion of
the matter.

Sir Charles Dilke, Under Foreign Secretary,
said that the ultimatum delivered to Mahmoud

France. He deprecated further discussion of the matter.

Sir Charles Dilke, Under Foreign Secretary, said that the ultimatum delivered to Mahmoud Baroudi by the agents of England and France is substantially as published, except the words menneling Europe. Which should read menneling Europe, which should read menneling Europe, which should read menneling Europe, which should read menneling Europe.

It is reported the Porte.

It is reported that the Government received a telegram this afternoon stating that Arabi Bey is firmly resolved not to submit.

Carro, May 26.—The ultimatum of the English and French Governments further prescribes the interning in the interior of Egypt of Abeliah Pasha and Ali Fehmy Pasha, who next to Arabi Bey, are the leaders of the military party. The diplomats here consider it almost certain that the Ministry and the military party will reject the ultimatum.

The agents of England and France have been summoned to the Ismaila Palace. It is reported that the Ministry have reterred the demands of England and France to the Sultan.

Later.—The Ministry have resigned, after refusing the demands of England and France to the Sultan.

Later.—The Ministry have resigned after refusing the demands of England and France to the Sultan.

Carro, May 26.—The President of the Council of Ministers has seat the following note to the Rhediye:

Your acceptance of the nematum is contrary to the meantmons sevice of your Ministers. As an admission of the intervention of foreign powers, this incident constitutes an intringement of the rights of the Sultan. We therefore tender our resignations.

The Ministry has sent the following reply to the agents of England and France:

The Ministry has sent the following reply to the agents of England and France:

Your note touches upon internal questions in regard to which the powers have recognized liberty of section. The Agricultural Gwething in the Heading of section the Agricultural Gwething in the Heading of under the discuss these points without infringing upon imperial discussifies points without infringing upon imperial discussifies the organic laws of the country. The Gwethingth of the organic laws of the country. The Gwethingth of the organic laws of the country it is discussed in the country of the organic laws of the country. ereignty Europe is placed. The Khedive has accepted the resignation of the Ministry.

Count von Beust Retired.

VIENNA, May 26,—An autograph letter from the Emperor Francis Joseph to Count von Beast is all clairs published, cranting the request of the latter to be relieved from the jost of Aostro (tonga for Anthoseador at Paris and placed in the retired list. The Emperor ac-knowledges, in most finiteding terms the eminnet ser-vices of Count von Benst.

Carlist Revolt in Catalonia,

Madrid. May 26.-Several small bands of reliefs have rised in Catalonia. The movement is of a Carlist character. The convernment attach but email importance to it, although symptoms of a rising are also reported in the Hasque proclines.

Sentenced for Threntening the Queen, London, May 23, the et Young, who was re-

LONDON, May 26.—The Departmental Com-mittee has rejected that the Channel turned is defected ble, but suggests that the opening be earlied further in-land, where means of defence are more complete.

Sentenced for High Treason. VIENNA, May 26.—A man named Richter, a shoemaker and the editor of a Socialist paper has been decisioned to twelve years. Imprisonment at hard labor for high treason. The Signal Office Prediction.

Warmer, fair weather, followed by increasing loudiness, possible by increasing winds. JOTTINGS AROUT TOWN.

Mr. Jacob H. Schoff, Frequency of the Russian Refuge-

The gates of the deptimen's Driving Park Association will be throw open for the spring training to day. There are to be two events. we to be two evecties.

Manton Marble has sold to Trenor W. Park a two thirds interest in property on the Grand Circle, Boulevard and Espital account. It is easily a sanitarian for Destinua, the Seasy less sanitarian for Destinua, the sanitarian at Bookaway, Brand arkinowlenge the recent of recent of recent of recent of recent sourchaffers amounting to \$400.

Annot Surran 1708 owned the property now known as at and at a control street. Veterally its franker for \$1000 case recorded, r. A. Bartlet bound the Spray Towned to the Seasy and the Seasy Towned to the Seasy of the Seasy Seasy of the Seasy Sea Abuse, obtory of the personal property of the lete Clark o N. Potter was filed in the European webcorf at Willia ha resterday, showing it to be of the value of \$012. Briddity of a reports 124 failures in the United States ring the past week an impease of court over the wedner week had to sity three more than the corre-uding week instream

eponding week hast segs.

At a sejectal inserting of the tripstees of the College of the Ulty of New York 3 starder, President Methy agencies at a set in a

in the internal factories built.

The lay strainer scand Expatin will make gracter from in the Human too order strapping as breaker, but it is Human too order strapping as breaker, but is laid to the first and the strainer flow size well run to the kind of Bookh. The annealist side of White so the will make two trips to Beskama, on South, and on Deceration Pay.

Branch that the Parnell Land Langue is seen incoming a strainer to the Parnell flow to Expand the setting of the Parnell flow to the continuent flow in the individual outside of Freihild has the right to dictate a policy to the line people, and that the land describe in the United States is merely auxiliary to that in Freihard.